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Madrid, November 3.

ON the 30th of last Month an Expreſs from France arrived at the Eſcurial, with the Ratifications of the Treaties of Marriage concluded between the two Royal Families; and with an Account of the Duke of St. Simon's being on the Road from Paris for Spain. Hereupon the Court reſolved to remove hither To-Morrow, and Orders were iſſued to haſten the Preparations for the Journey their Catholick Majeſties have reſolved to take with the Infanta, as far as Burgos. The Marqueſs de Maulevrier having taken on him the Character of Ambaſſadour of France, and being appointed to act jointly with the Duke of St Simon, who is veſted with the ſame Character; his Catholick Majeſty has nominated the Marqueſſes de Bedmar and Grimaldo, to be his Plenipotentiaries for adjuſting with the ſaid French Miniſters the Ceremonies proper to be obſerved at the reſpective Delivery and Reception of the Infanta and of Mademoiſelle de Montpenſier. The ſaid Marqueſs de Maulevrier, who ſome Time ſince had the Honour of Knighthood of the Golden Fleece conferred on him, has not yet been veſted with the Badges of that Order; becauſe the Pope's Nuncio has interpoſed, by a Memorial preſented to his Majeſty, ſetting forth, that the Marqueſs being before a Knight of the Order of St. Lewis, cannot receive and wear the Diſtinctions of the other Order, without an expreſs Diſpenſation from the Pope. The Queen Dowager of Spain who reſides at Bayonne, has ſent Preſents of Gold Watches adorned with Diamonds to the Marqueſs and Marchioneſs de Grimaldo, in Acknowledgment of that Miniſter's good Offices in procuring Payment of the Arrears of the Jointure ſettled on her by King Charles II, with Leave alſo to return into any Province of this Kingdom, and take her Reſidence in whatever Town ſhe ſhall chuſe. A new Regulation is publiſhed, for preventing the bringing in of the Plague from France; by which Regulation the moſt rigorous Puniſhments are ordered to be inflicted by the Governours of the Ports and of the Inland Frontier Places, upon all thoſe who ſhall offend againſt the Rules preſcribed therein.

Paris, Nov. 26. The following Extract of the Advices relating to the Plague received by the Court to the 19th of November, has been communicated to the foreign Miniſters.

The Duke de Roquelaure in his Letters of the 3d, 5th and 7th of November, ſays the Plague does not make any Progreſs towards the Vivarais, the Velay, or the Sevennes. The Blockade of Alais is well kept: From the 1ſt to the 3d of November 11 Perſons died there: Two Families only of that Town are infected; they were to be removed into the Suburbs. The Diſtemper ſeemed to have very much abated at Marvejols the 3d. Good Care is taken of Mende, but the Sickneſs continues there. Alteyrac is infected; two Families have already periſhed there; That Village has but 50 Houſes. The Pariſh of Aſſions in the Neighbourhood of St. Genaix, is ſuſpected. M. de Bernage, in his of the 3d, 5th and 7th of November, ſays, At Mende 12 Perſons died the 1ſt of November, and the 3d at Noon ſix were dead. Banaſſac and Montferrand are ſtill in a bad Condition. The Country between the 1ſt and 2d Line continues in good Health, Genouillac and St. Genaix excepted, where the Plague had broke out before the laſt Line was formed. M. de Rothe, in his of the 3d and 5th of November, ſays, The Diſtemper is certainly in its Decline at Marvejols; and yet two or three Perſons die there a Day, and as many fall ſick of whom very few eſcape. It is computed, that 520 have died in the Town of Mende from the 4th of September to the 1ſt of November; and 90 at St. Genaix. The Sickneſs decreaſes at Vergogneux, Couze, and other ſmall Places. A Perſon has newly fallen ill at Chambon. Commiſſary Richard writes the 4th of November, That the Plague makes great Ravages in Moulines, a large Village on the Tarn. M. de Frey the commanding Officer at Mende, in his Letter of the 26th of October, ſays, Every Day 10 or 12 Perſons die in the Infirmaries; it is reckoned that to this Day 463 have died. The Town is healthful, no ſick Perſon is ſuffered to remain in it: Thoſe Inhabitants who are lodged in Barracks in the Neighbourhood, are well. M. d'Iverny in his of the 3d of Nov. ſays, At Alais 63 Perſons in all have died, and there are now 25 ſick in the Suburbs. Three Perſons have died in one Houſe in a ſmall Village of the Pariſh of St. Paul la Coſte two Leagues from Alais; that Houſe is inveſted. He had ſatisfied himſelf, that there was nothing of the Plague at Monteil or at Mejolue. M. de Rambion in his of the 7th of November, confirms the good Order kept in the Town of Alais, by the Care of the Biſhop, and the Vigilance obſerved at the Blockade and the Line. M. de Nogaret writes the 7th of November, That to the 3d of November there were 1539 dead at Avignon and 1480 ſick. M. de Galean had writ to him two Days before, That the Diſtemper decreaſed there a little. M. Daſtier a Lieutenant of the Mareſchauſſée, in his Letter of the 8th of November, ſays he had received Information, That the Diſtemper had broke out afreſh at Marvejols, and made great Havock there, as well as at Mende and at Moulines, where hardly any body was left. M. de Cauſſade in his of the 7th of November, ſays, The Diſtemper does not ſpread towards Auvergne; Ville-rouſſel and Chapginie which lye neareſt to it, begin to be better: But St Leger is in a very bad State of Health. The Velay is in perfect Health. The Marqueſs de Lignerac in his of the 8th of November ſends a Letter from the Syndick of the Gevaudan, adviſing, That the Infection broke out from time to time in ſome Village or other of that Country. At Lauvejols a Boy had died ſo ſuddenly, that it was feared the Diſtemper had got thither. It was feared likewiſe that Bramonal was infected, the Curate of Bergeac having catched the Diſtemper there. Advices from ſeveral Parts had come to the ſaid Syndick, That Niſmes, Beaucaire, le Caylat and Calmelle in Lower Languedoc, were infected. The Viſcount de Beaune in his of the 9th and 12th of November, ſends a Letter from M. de la Borde a Phyſician, adviſing that Chaſſelnoue and Alteyrac a little on this Side Mende were infected. M. de la Motte la Peirouſe, in his of the 8th of November confirms, That the Town of Puy and the Velay are in good Health. M. de Belrieu writes the 6th of November; Dauphiné continues to enjoy perfect Health. Sarrier near Bedarides is newly infected. The Comtat is in a very bad State. Carpentras is in Health. M. de Launay, in his of the 1ſt and 6th of November, ſays, Two Buriers of the Dead who had fled out of the Comtat, were ſeized and ſhot dead near Saune in Dauphiné, and their Bodies burnt with the Barrack they had in the Mountains. A third Burier of the Dead was ſhot at the Barrier of Molans. The Diſorder continues in Avignon. The Sickneſs makes no Progreſs at Orange. All the Frontier along the Line is in perfect Health. M. de Medavy, in his of the 6th of Nov. ſays, The Diſtemper kindled again between the 23d and 28th of October in the Comtat, without communicating it ſelf to new Places: He hopes Orange will be ſoon freed from it. M. de Vedrille, in his of the 3d of November ſays, That he had received a Letter from Avignon, adviſing, that to the 27th of October about 70 Perſons a Day had died there.

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